## **Nodavirus**

### **Detection kit**

# An easy-to-use, sensitive, specific and rapid test to detect the Nodavirus in fish farming

(fish, shrimp, sea cuncumber, etc.)

Easy-to-use

High Specificity providing reliable results

Interpretation of the results easy to perform (with the naked eye)



Rapidity (~4 hours)

**High Sensitivity** 

Standardization of reagents and detection process

#### AN EASY-TO-USE AND RAPID TEST

The Nodavirus kit is rapid to implement as it contains all the reagents needed to perform 24 tests. simultaneously in less than a day.

Basic laboratory equipment is required: thermocycler, water-bath, small bench centrifuge and orbital shaker.

The membranes provided with the kit are ready-to-use.

The user has just to applied the PCR products on the membranes to detect the Nodavirus presence in the sample. Thus, this method can be easily used in laboratories, farms or hatcheries already using PCR as a diagnostic tool.



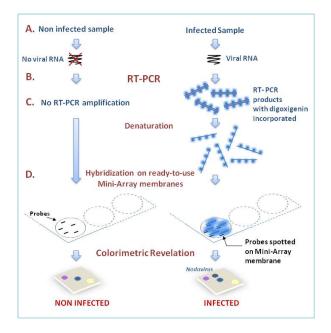
This diagnostic kit has been developed in collaboration with

Palavas Laboratory (G.Breuil)



#### THE PROTOCOL AT A GLANCE

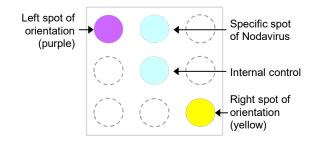
The test is based on a detection combining an <u>amplification</u> of target nucleic acids by <u>PCR</u> and a specific <u>hybridization</u> through an antibody associated to an enzyme, which produces a blue mark on the nylon membrane.

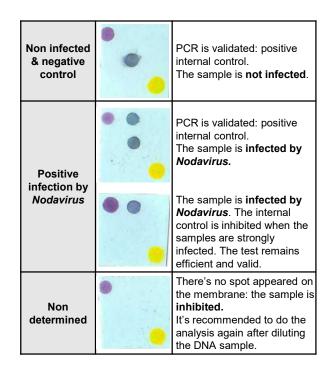


- A. Samples preparation
  - 1 hour
- **B-C.** Polymerization Chain Reaction (PCR)
  - 2 hours
- **D.** Hybridization and revelation *1 hour*

## A SIMPLE INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULTS

The probes corresponding to the Nodavirus are already spotted on the membranes at predefined positions. So, the results <u>interpretation</u> is simple, and is done without any material, at the <u>naked eye</u>.





#### THE KIT COMPONENTS



- 24 membranes ready-to-use
- 1 twenty-four well plate
- 24 PCR tubes
- 1 Tweezers
- PCR and revelation Reagents
- 1 User manual

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

J. Fish Diseases 2002, Experimental vertical transmission of nodavirus from brood fish to eggs and larvae of the sea bass, Dicentrarchus labrax, Breuil et al.

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